ACTIVITY ANSWER KEY

Chapter 1, Section 2

Check your answers from the Answer Key.
Correct all errors, then complete your next goal.



Lesson 6: *Word Emphasis*
The Prodigal Son

1. (a) the older son was loyal, and the younger son was rebellious
2. (b) took his inheritance and left the family
3. (c) wasted his money on parties, prostitutes and "friends"
4. (c) return home to his father and ask forgiveness
5. (d) only a and c
6. (c) the son had been gone so long, as if he were dead or lost forever

(Answers 7-14, underlined words indicate correct responses)

7. If a man is looking for lodging, he is looking for a place to stay.
8. If a man discards bad habits, he will become successful.
9. If a man looks very tattered he is torn and raggedy.
10. If a man wants his inheritance, he wants the money due him when his parent dies.
11. If a man is haggard he is thin, unhealthy and worn out.
12. If a man is embraced, he is held in a tight hug.
13. A person who lives in India, Japan or Mongolia is from the East.
14. A person who has sinned has broken a moral law and has committed a wrong or shameful act.
15. (e) all of these
16. (a) True
17. (b) False
18. (a) True
19. (any order) faithful, devoted, affectionate, dependable, true
20. The older brother was devoted to the father.
21. The young man never wrote to his father and brother.
22. His visage (or face, appearance) was haggard, bitter and hopeless.
23. The son gathered the resolution to return to his father.
24. (any three) upright, honest, pure, sanctify, edify, purify
25. detach, separate, disjoin, disconnect
26. declare, dictate, insist
27. (any of these) continent, domain, estate, realm, country, island, region
28. (any of these) defiant, unruly, forward, undutiful, disobedient
29. (any of these) possessions, things, wares
30. (any of these) squander, spend, misspend, consume, dwindle
31. (any of these) pigs, hogs
32. (any of these) situation, state, circumstances, case, plight, position, predicament
33. (any of these) best, most elegant, most splendid, most handsome, nicest, most beautiful, most exquisite, prettiest, most refined
34. (any of these) kill, slay, slaughter
35. (any of these) dinner, party, banquet
36. (any of these) estate, acreage, location, plot, area, farm
37. (any of these) adversaries, enemies

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38. (any of these) clean, pure, wholesome
39. (any of these) happy, joyful, pleased, content, satisfied
40. *"Character is what you are in the dark."*



Lesson 7: *Word Emphasis*
Words May Save a Life

1. (a) was in the hospital for heart problems
2. (d) the woman thought she was healthy
3. _a_ ***ailing***
   _b_ ***native***
   _c_ ***grammatical***
4. (f) all of these
5. (a) True
6. (a) death was about to occur
7. (b) the medical staff
8. (d) healthy
9. (a) healthy
10. (b) happy and encouraged
11. _e_ an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure
12. _d_ to have backbone
13. _a_ beat around the bush
14. _f_ beauty is only skin deep
15. _g_ bottled up
16. _h_ to be a happy camper
17. _c_ to see red
18. _b_ to be shady
19. *"Love good speech as much as you hate cheap talk."*



Lesson 8: *Nouns*
The Eaglet

1. (c) an eaglet
2. (a) the eagle never reached his potential because he never overcame his circumstances
3. a baby eagle
4. a group of baby birds
5. a baby chicken
6. wonderful, beautiful

(Answers 7-11, underlined words indicate correct responses)

7. The hen set on the eggs.
8. The farmer pondered the problem.
9. His callused hands were not strangers to hard work.
10. He yearned for a better life.
11. The tenacious eagle was not afraid of the farmer's threats.
12. (any order) persons, places, things, actions, feelings, ideas
13. (f) only c and d
14. _C_ eagle
    _P_ Oscar
    _P_ Menace
    _C_ cow
    _C_ life
    _C_ chicken
    _P_ Farmer Brown
    _P_ Oregon
    _C_ egg
    _P_ Miss Bantam
    _C_ farmer
    _C_ barnyard
    _C_ forest
    _C_ potential
    _C_ mother
15. woods (common)
16. farm (common), chicken (common), Miss Bantam (proper)
17. zoo (common)
18. eagle (common), woods (common), zoo (common)
19. Oregon (proper), state (common)
20. (a) True
21. (a) noun
22. (b) verb
23. *"All our dreams can come true—if we have the courage to pursue them."*

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Lesson 9: *Nouns*
How to Win

1. (b) rollerblading
2. (a) best way to win in life
3. (c) use what you have to become as good as or better than others who have more than you do
4. False
5. True
6. True
7. True
8. False
9. False
10. two nouns combined to form one word
11. (any order) eyeglasses, stopwatch, rollerblades
12. farmland
13. barnyard
14. mailman
15. applesauce
16. clothesline
17. snowshoes
18. fireplace
19. seashells
20. seaport
21. wildflowers
22. graveyard
23. checkbook
24. eyeglasses
25. stopwatch
26. courthouse
27. (any order) group, collection
28. (any ten) herd, pack, flock, school, litter, swarm, cattle, pride, gaggle, pod, livestock
29. (any ten) school, crowd, congregation, jury, family, church, choir, band, committee, group, assembly, troop
30. (any five) collection, bunch, lot, cargo, freight, equipment
31. pod
32. livestock
33. choir
34. committee
35. freight
36. pack
37. congregation
38. jury, crowd
39. troop
40. swarm, equipment
41. assembly
42. pride, herd
43. family
44. flock, school
45. *"Dignity does not consist in possessing honors . . . but in deserving them."*



Lesson 10: *Nouns*
The Tortoise and the Hare

1. True
2. False
3. True
4. False
5. True
6. True
7. _f_ ***hare***
8. _d_ ***tortoise***
9. _e_ ***pace***
10. _b_ ***jeers***
11. _a_ ***goad***
12. _c_ ***acclaimed***
13. (c) singular
14. (a) plural
15. Most nouns are made plural by adding *-s*.
16. animals
17. races
18. winners
19. jeers
20. hands
21. lines
22. hares
23. Nouns ending in *-s, -x, -sh* or *-ch* are made plural by adding *-es*.

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24. churches
25. glasses
26. boxes
27. ashes
28. foxes
29. Nouns ending in consonants and *-y* are made plural by changing the *-y* to *-i* and adding *-es*.
30. Nouns ending in vowels and *-y* are made plural by adding only *-s*.
31. donkeys
32. cries
33. ploys
34. stories
35. activities
36. journeys
37. ways
38. essays
39. ladies
40. puppies
41. melodies
42. skies
43. Nouns ending in consonants and *-o* are usually made plural by adding *-es*.
44. Nouns ending in vowels and *-o* are made plural by adding *-s*.
45. cargoes
46. echoes
47. potatoes
48. photos
49. volcanoes
50. tomatoes
51. radios
52. zoos
53. tornadoes
54. igloos
55. rodeos
56. Nouns ending in *-f* or *-fe* are usually made plural by changing the *-f* or *-fe* to *-v* and adding *-es*.
57. loaves
58. selves
59. lives
60. roofs
61. leaves
62. wolves
63. knives
64. chiefs
65. Some nouns change spellings when converted from the singular form to the plural form.
66. men
67. oxen
68. geese
69. feet
70. Some nouns are the same in both the singular and plural forms.
71. fish
72. tuna
73. bass
74. salmon
75. moose
76. Japanese
77. English
78. judges
79. naps
80. bushes
81. ears
82. eyelashes
83. taxes
84. addresses
85. ratios
86. moos
87. bays
88. heroes
89. vetoes
90. qualities
91. trays

(Answers 92-100, underlined words reflect correct responses)

92. Two <u>women</u> taking care of sixteen <u>children</u> walked to the park.
93. The banker put the day's transactions in the <u>safes</u> so <u>thieves</u> would not steal.
94. The farmers and their <u>wives</u> raise <u>calves</u>, <u>sheep</u> and sometimes baby <u>deer</u> and <u>catfish</u>.

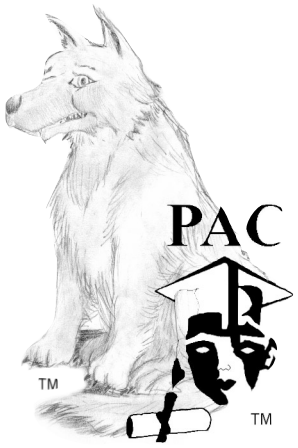
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95. The dwarfs could not reach the shelves.
96. Many Chinese and Irish helped build America's railroads.
97. Mice teeth are very sharp.
98. The entire school was infected with lice.
99. The sandwiches were split in halves.
100. *"Failure in people is caused more by lack of determination than lack in talent."*



Ask for your QUIZ over Section 2.
Reminder: Students who score 85% or higher on the section quizzes may be exempt from the chapter test!

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